



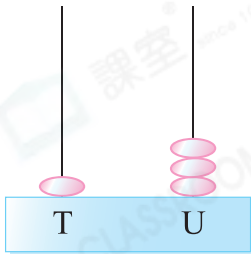
Date: _____

Mark: _____



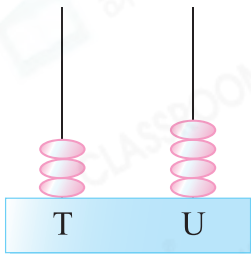
Study the pictures and fill in the blanks.

1.

(a) _____ bead(s) in the tens place stands for
_____.(b) _____ bead(s) in the units place stands for
_____.

(c) Read as: _____

2.

(a) _____ bead(s) in the tens place stands for
_____.(b) _____ bead(s) in the units place stands for
_____.

(c) Read as: _____

3.



(a) '4' is in the _____ place. It stands for _____.

(b) '7' is in the _____ place. It stands for _____.

(c) $47 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4.



(a) '2' is in the _____ place. It stands for _____.

(b) '1' is in the _____ place. It stands for _____.

(c) $21 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 

Circle the answers.

5. 56 is (greater / smaller) than 19. 6. 41 is (greater / smaller) than 50.

7. 79 is (greater / smaller) than 73. 8. 83 is (greater / smaller) than 89.

9. In the number 83, '8' stands for \star 8 / 80 .
(\star Circle the answer)

10. Three 2-digit **odd numbers** are arranged from the smallest to the greatest:

53 , , 75
(Smallest) (Greatest)

The number in the box can be:

- A. 49 B. 57 C. 60 D. 81

11. Count onwards from 20 to 40, how many **odd numbers** are there?

Answer: _____

12.    

Use two of the above numbers to form the required 2-digit numbers.

(a) The greatest 2-digit number is

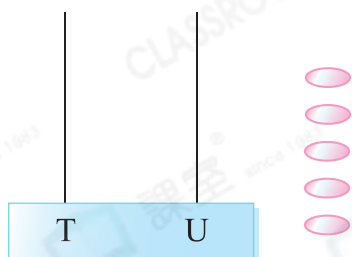
_____.

(b) The smallest 2-digit even number is

_____.

13. The greatest 2-digit number and 1 makes _____.

14.




Put 5 beads on the abacus to show the smallest 2-digit **even number**. Draw beads on the abacus to show your answer.



Reminder

Odd numbers have 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9 in the units place;
Even numbers have 0, 2, 4, 6 or 8 in the units place.

Scoring Key

 Pay attention to the keywords 'greatest', 'smallest' and 'even number'.

STEAMpedia

Denary numbers are formed with numbers 0-9, with carrying one for every 10. China is the first country using denary numbers.