

Revision 4 (Units 13–17)

Revision
Guide



Task 1

Rewrite the sentences with the help of the given words.

whose—its owner has passed away

as if—my head is going to explode

to which—everyone agreed to it

despite—I lack experience

at which—refills there are free

due to—he had kidney stones

1. We made a deal.

We made a deal, to which everyone agreed.



2. I have got my dream job.

3. I have such a terrible headache.

4. The Rose Cottage has been left vacant and is battered.

5. Lucas suffered from intense pain.

6. The coffee chain has opened near my school.

Task 2

Rewrite the sentences using the given sentence patterns.

1. The audience heard a corny joke. The audience was not amused. (*Hearing ...*)

Hearing a corny joke, the audience was not amused.

2. There was a professional cosplayer. She passed us just now. (... *passing ...*)



3. Reading comforts me. Cooking comforts me too. (... *and so ...*)

4. Heaps of clothes lay on the bed. Sam did the laundry after seeing that. (*On the bed ... Not until ...*)

5. If you try often, the chance of success will become great. (*The ... the ...*)

6. It doesn't matter what Tim asks. Don't tell him I spilt water over his homework. (*Whatever ...*)

Task 3

Sue is reading an advertisement. Complete the advertisement by circling the best answers.

The toothbrush for a new brushing experience!

(1) by dentists as the best toothbrush brand worldwide, we, Oral-Z, proudly present our latest innovation. (2) the P20 ultrasonic toothbrush (3) transforms brushing into a refreshing experience.

(4) a smaller brush head and fine bristle tips, the P20 ultrasonic toothbrush ensures more effective brushing. The (5) the bristle tips, the (5) it is to reach gaps between the teeth. On the toothbrush are lights (6) the two operating modes. Users can determine whether (7) in the standard or gentle mode.

(8) the new features, some of you may be concerned about its cleaning power. What we can assure you is: only when you use Oral-Z P20 ultrasonic toothbrush (9) dental hygiene at a professional level. Not only does it remove plaque easily, (10) improves gum health.

It is an innovation (11) will be snapped up (12) order while stocks last!



- (1) A. To recognise
B. Recognise
C. Recognising
D. Recognised

- (2) A. There goes
B. Here comes
C. Only then is there
D. Not until now is there

- (3) A. which
B. , which
C. that
D. , that

- (4) A. To have
B. Have
C. Having
D. Had

- (5) A. thin ... easy
B. thinner... easier
C. more thin ... more easy
D. thinner ... more easily

- (6) A. indicate
B. indicated
C. indicating
D. being indicated

- (7) A. or not to brush
B. to brush
C. brushing
D. brush

- (8) A. Despite of
B. In spite of
C. Although
D. As though

- (9) A. you will achieve
B. do you achieve
C. can you achieve
D. you achieve

- (10) A. also it
B. but it also
C. so does it
D. neither does it

- (11) A. , for which
B. for which
C. for that
D. that

- (12) A. therefore
B. and thus
C. hence
D. as a result of

Task 4

Peter is drafting a short story. There are some mistakes. Correct the underlined mistakes and write the correct words in the spaces provided.



The Golden Touch

Thousands of years ago in Greece, there was a king (1) knowing for his generosity. It was so long ago that we couldn't even know for sure (2) how many the stories about him are true or not.



One day, some peasants (3) lived under his rule found a drunkard and brought him to the palace. The king, (4) naming Midas, recognised him. He was God Silenus, (5) who the god of wine learnt a lot as a student. (6) Treated Silenus as an honoured guest, Midas organised a feast that lasted for 10 days and nights. Pleased to know about this, the god of wine granted Midas a wish.

Midas wished for something that he shouldn't have. '(7) What I touch, I want to have it (8) turning into gold,' (9) said he. The god of wine fulfilled his wish at once. To try out the magical power, he began to touch everything—trees, flowers, furniture ... All of them turned into gold (10) because the magical power, (11) which he was satisfied. Yet, what happened at the dining table shocked him. There were drinks (12) turn into gold at his touch. He was frightened. So (13) did all of his servants. The servants snatched pieces of gold and fled. Only (14) when did he regret asking for such a cursed gift.

Finding Midas (15) cried bitterly, Midas's daughter took his hands, trying to console him. And (16) there went the tragic end: she also turned into gold ...

1. _____ known _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____



8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

14. _____

15. _____

16. _____



Brain Breaks

Though *The Golden Touch* is a Greek mythology, there is also a similar Chinese idiom story.

Task 5

Jenny is drafting an essay. Rewrite the underlined parts based on the instructions.

Criticism against Beauty Pageants

(1) A beauty pageant is a competition where female contestants are judged according to their appearances, intelligence and characters.

(2) The contestants can hardly show their true personalities in public.

(3) It doesn't matter what kinds of people they really are, those who fulfil public expectations will become popular. (4) The contestants are judged mainly on their looks and body shapes. They have to wear bikinis in the

Q&A sessions. Through the Q&A sessions, the contestants are expected to showcase their wisdom.

(5) The contestants stand on the stage. They are open to judgment. (6) Such contests are reinforcing social bias.

Besides, a pageant is a kind of play-acting. (7) If a girl is pretty, she will get many votes. (8) The judges act in a way that seems that they are choosing well-rounded people, but they only look for beauties.

Good-looking people are likely to catch the public's attention in showbiz ...



1. A beauty pageant is a competition in which female contestants are judged (preposition + relative pronoun)
2. _____ (inversion)
3. _____
_____ (Whatever ..., reduced relative clause)
4. _____
_____ (participle phrase, preposition + relative pronoun)
5. _____ (inversion)
6. _____ (Hence ...)
7. _____ (The ... the ...)
8. _____ (Despite ... as though)